Creating Pictures - Year 2 Spring Computing Knowledge

Organiser



Key Learning

- To learn the functions of the 2Paint a Picture tool.
- To learn about and recreate the Impressionist style of art (Monet, Degas, Renoir).
- To recreate Pointillist art and look at the work of pointillist artists such as Seurat.
- To learn about the work of Piet Mondrian and recreate the style using the lines template.
- To learn about the work of William Morris and recreate the style using the patterns template.
- To explore surrealism and eCollage.

Key Resources mash 2Paint a Picture

Key Vocabulary

A visual form of creative activity and imagination.

Palette

Within computer graphics, this is the range of colours or shapes available to the user.

Style

A particular way in which something looks or is formed.

Causing an area to become full, in this case, of colour.

Pointillism

Pointillism was a development of impressionism. It was invented mainly by George Seurat and Paul Signac, Pointillist paintings are created by using small dots in different colours to build up the whole picture. Colours are placed near each other rather than mixed.

Impressionism

The impressionist movement began in the 1860s and became most popular in the 1870s and 1880s, It differed from the common art of the time because it wasn't religious art, showing scenes from religious stories or speci ic events, but was just intended to capture a scene at a moment. The art gave an 'impression' of the scene.

Surrealism

Explored the subconscious areas of the mind. The artwork often made little sense as it was usually trying to depict a dream or random thoughts.

Key Images



Choose the style you want to paint in



Zoom in and Zoom out



Open, Save and Share your picture



Outline options



Choose a background for your picture



Eraser and colour palettes



Undo and redo



Fill tool and pen thickness